

Workshop Ideas de Proyecto para Próximas Convocatorias de Financiación I+D+i Transporte Inteligente, Ecológico e Integrado

Capacidades del grupo de investigación Geintra (Universidad de Alcalá)

A complete team composed by:

- 3 Full Professors
- 20 Associate Professors
- 1 Administration Staff
- 15 scholarships
- 20 hired engineering

23 Dr.

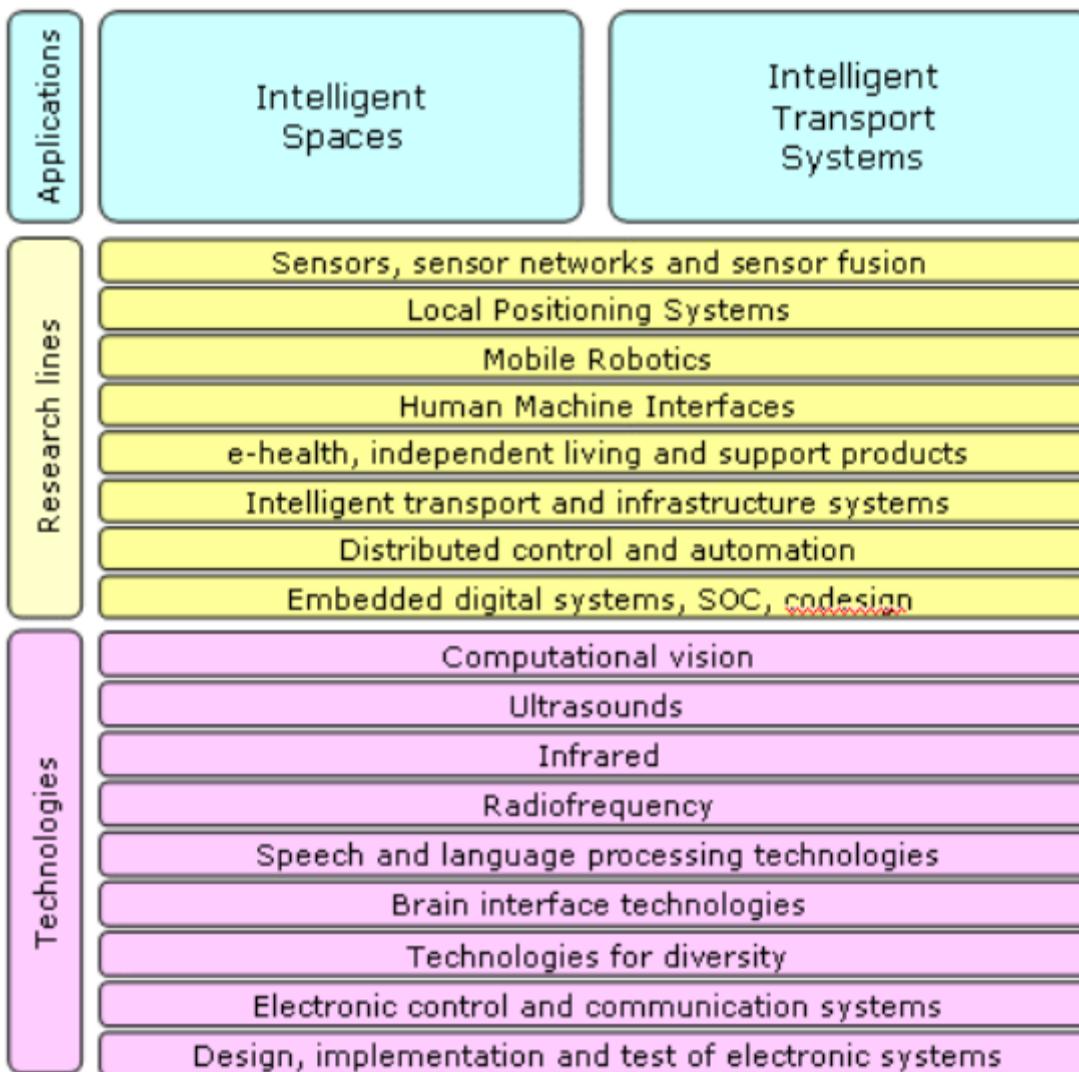
FPI/FPU: 17
Contratados: 7
Becarios: 12
Admin.: 1

Covering different knowledge areas:

- SMART Sensors
- SMART Environment
- Image processing
- Signal processing
- Electronic Design
- Control Technics



Activity areas



Current and recent projects

- With public funding, last 5 years: 4.4 M€

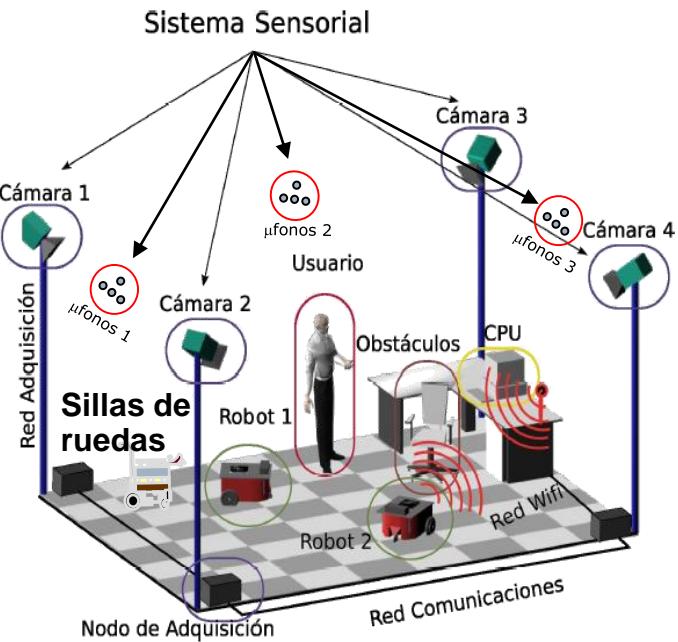
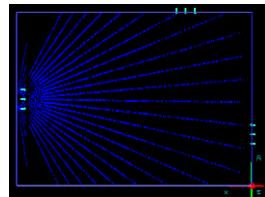
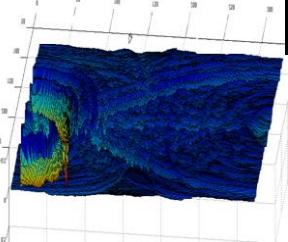
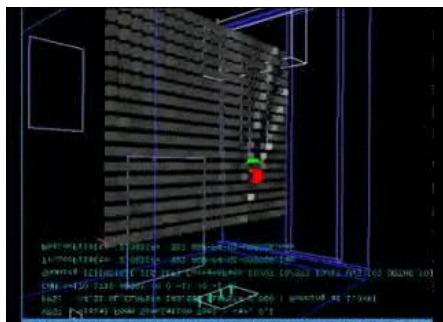
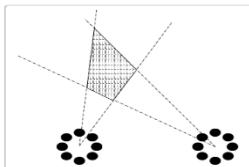
- LEMUR, THOR, SD-TEAM, VISNU, MANTIS, SIGVE, DETECTREN, ESPIRA, AVIZOR, SIAUCON, ALCOR



- With private funding, last 5 years: 6 M€



- AUDIOVISUAL FUSION TECHNOLOGIES FOR MULTI-DOMAIN SPEECH DIALOGUE**
- Objective:** Robust systems development for detection, localization, tracking and multi-modal pose estimation of multiple speakers in intelligent spaces based on audio-visual sensorial fusion.



IDENTIFICATION AND INTERACTION OF MULTIPLE AGENTS IN INTELLIGENT SPACES USING CAMERA ARRAYS (VISNU)

- **Objective:** System design for analysis and interaction with agents/users, static as well as in movement, by means of cameras located inside the intelligent space.
 - Identification and localization of robots, humans and obstacles:

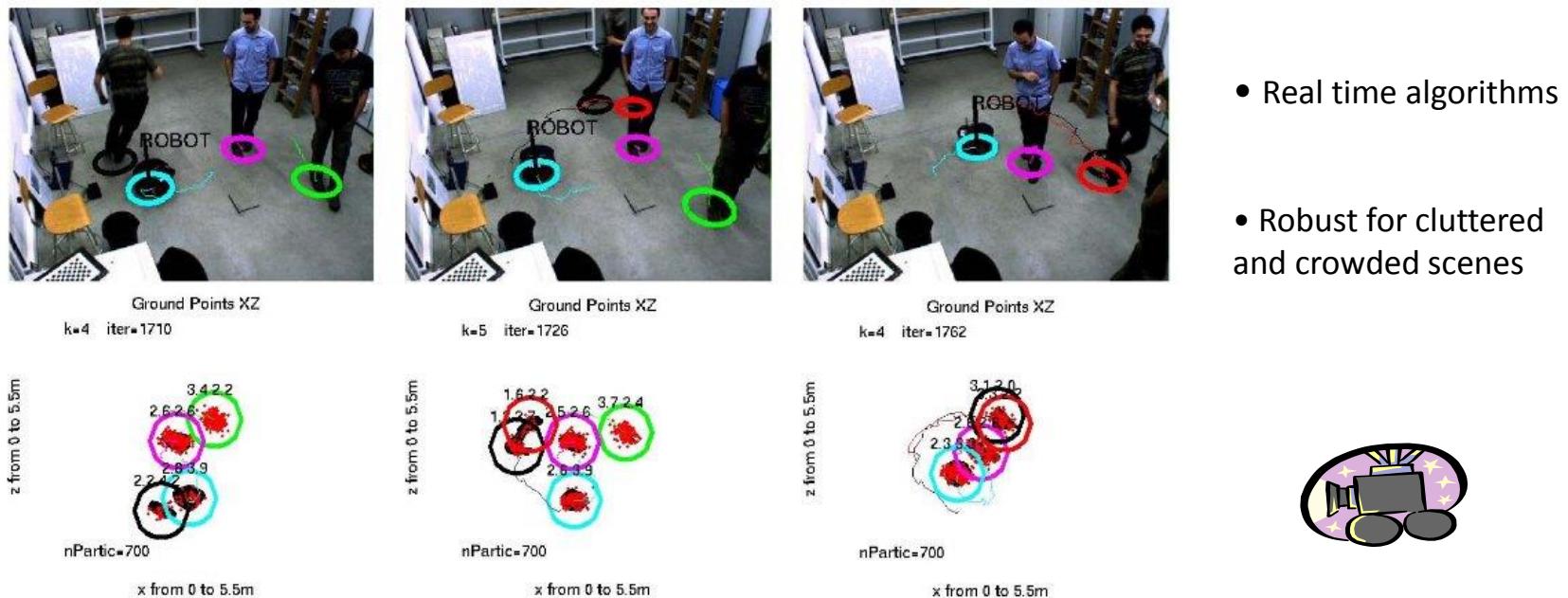
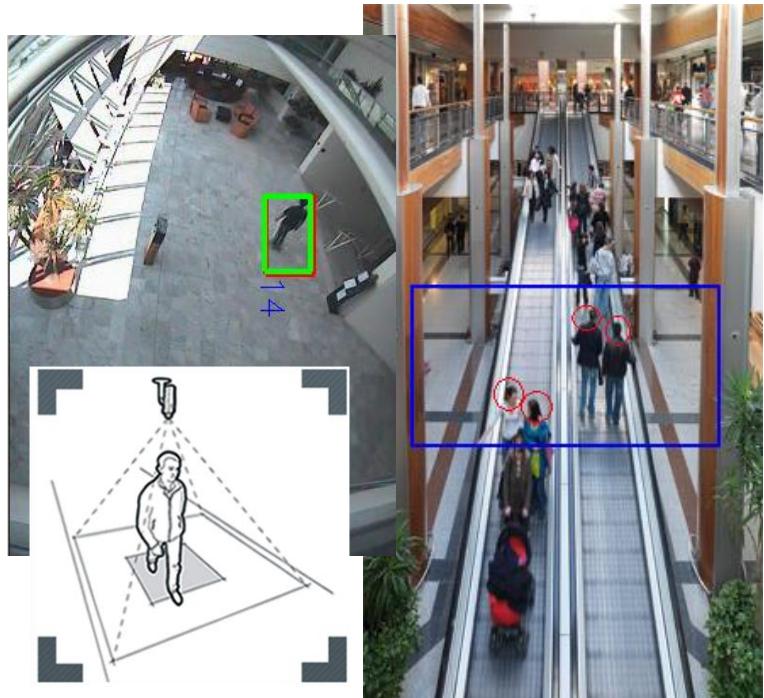


Fig. 6. Localization in a real environment

Detection and Counting People. Access Control.

- Goal: Design of an ad-hoc system based on Image Processing oriented to the detection and counting people in an indoor area with high accuracy ($\approx 95\%$)
- Target: Access control to areas, supervision of reserved areas, energy efficiency, market analysis, etc.

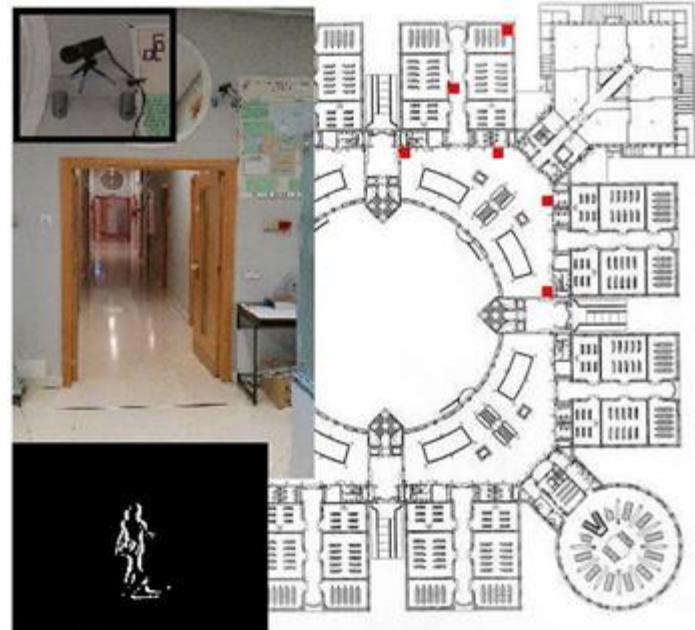
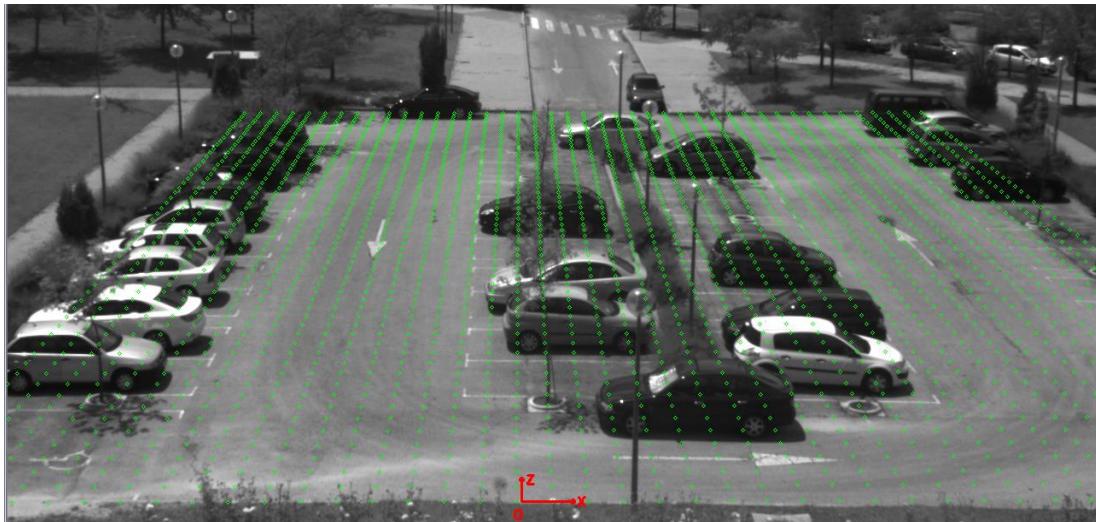


System based on SMART Cameras Array

Implementation of SMART cameras oriented to the tracking of moving objects .

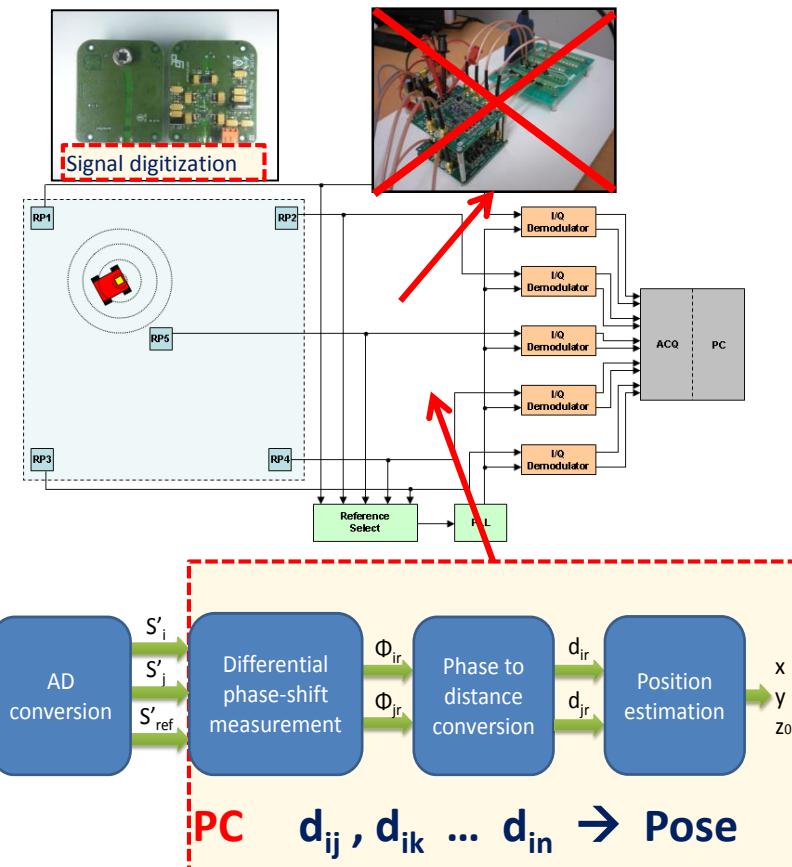
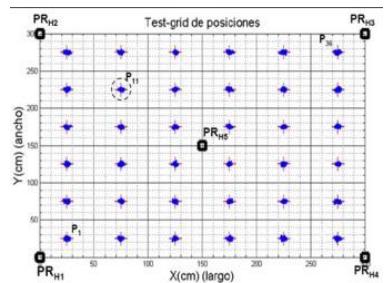
Development of 2 demonstrators:

- A) For people tracking (indoor)
- B) For vehicle tracking (outdoor)



IR-LPS. Differential Phase-Shift Digital Measurement of IR-Signal.

- Goal: Design of an accurate and highly reproducible LPS based on a IR emitter board.
- Target: Mobile robotics in Intelligent Spaces, assistance robotics, industrial automation, object tracking.



ARTEMIS (CAM-DPI)

Advanced Real-TimE Multimodality medical Imaging

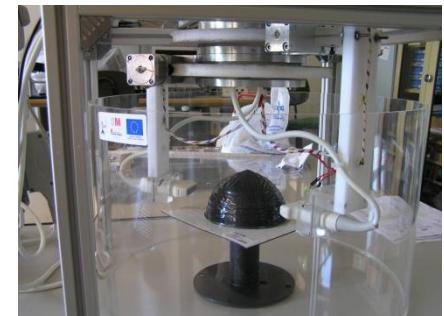
- Ultrasound tomography
- Nuclear imaging
- Real time multimodality image tracking and registration

Partners-research groups:

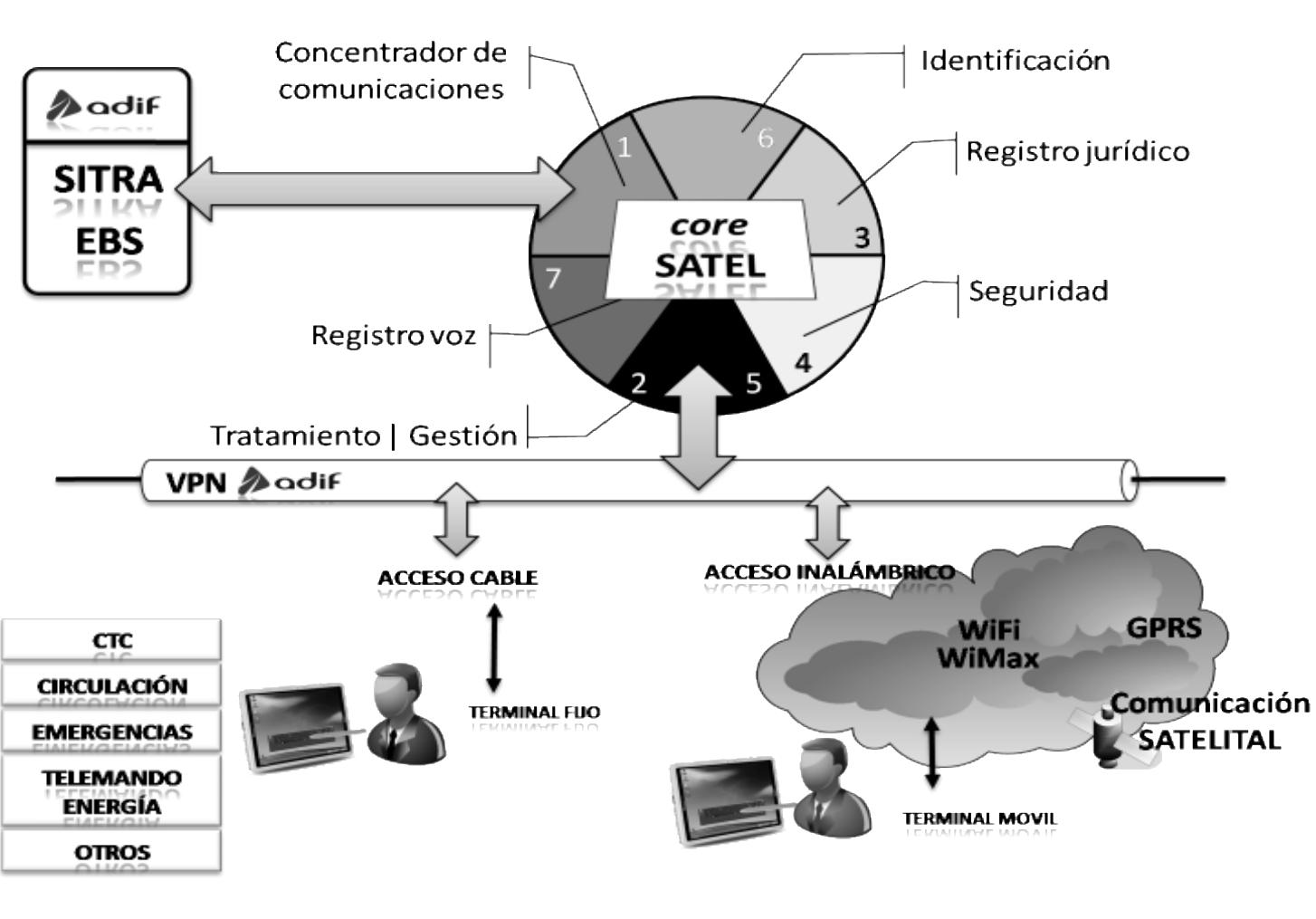
- GM Hospital, CSIC, UAH, UPM, UCM

GOAL: Development of a technique to generate an ultrasonic image for ultrafast and high resolution tomography (HiRUT).

Our group is responsible for developing a high performance FPGA based architecture for this technique.

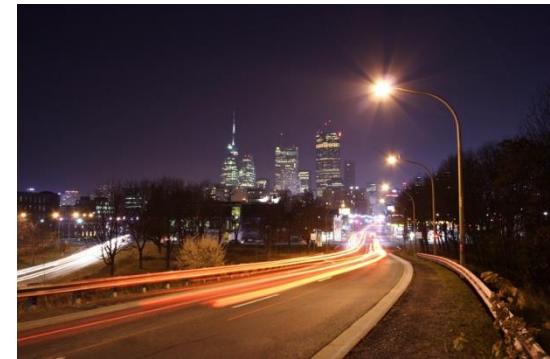


eBook Railway (eBR)

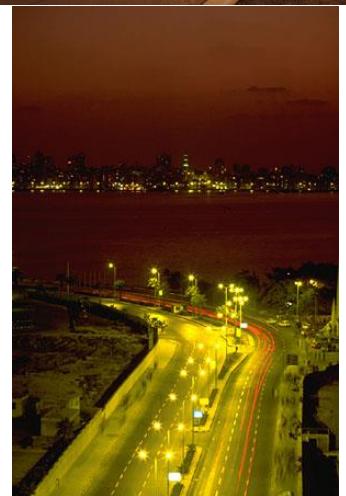


Smart Infrastructures

- Goal: Distributed Intelligent based on “*a neuron for each street-LED lighting*” oriented to provide RT information to the driver and the Supervision Center. Mesh inter-communication of nodes.



- Targets:
 - Light level adapted to the vehicles/people detection.
 - Building street-lighting networks sharing information with an ad-hoc Wireless Network to report information to other drivers and/or Central Node.



SMART THINGS LAB (ADVANTICSYS)

- R&D laboratory for a Spanish SME.
- Development of different Industrial applications based on WSN (Wireless Sensor Networks).
- Deployment of WSN in different scenarios (environment, SMART Cities, SMART Labs,)
- Study, assessment and implementation of different R&D prototypes based on motes.



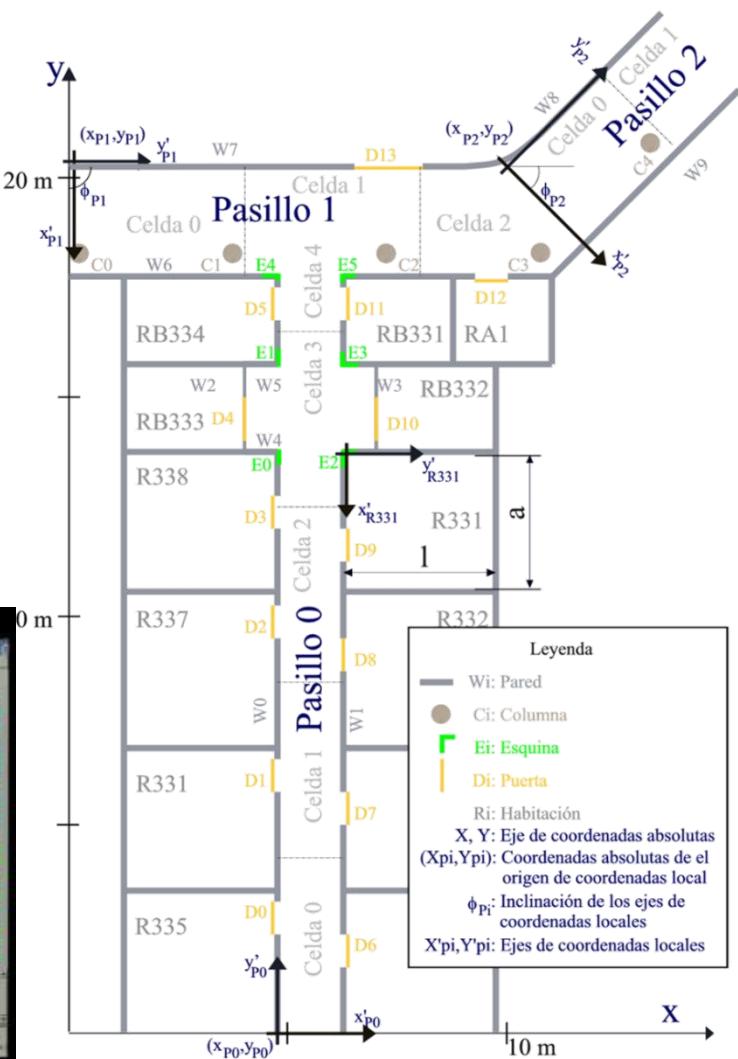
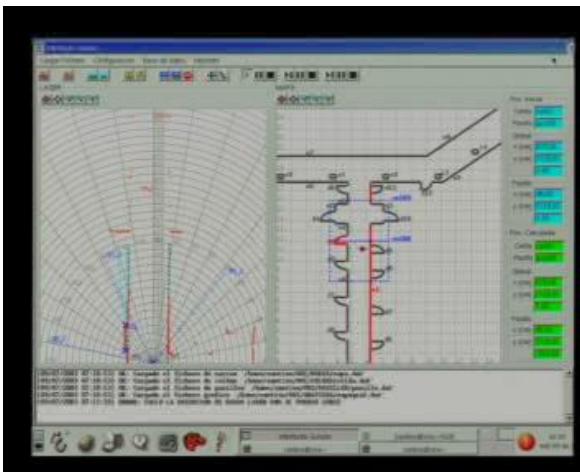
Demo: RM's pose based on landmarks recognition

Objetivo:

- A partir de un mapa “a priori” (geométrico-topológico) del entorno, y de la identificación del entorno (matching de marcas naturales), se estima la posición del RM (localización probabilística)

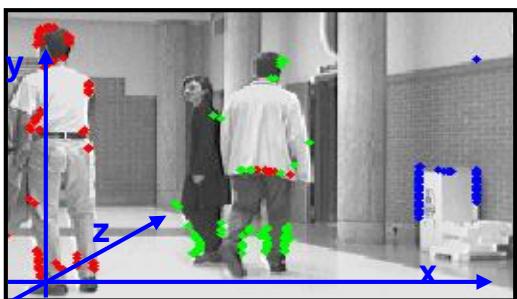
Modelo del entorno

- BDML
 - *Coordenadas globales y orientación*
 - *Dimensiones*
 - *Enlaces*
 - *Celdas*
- BDCM
 - *Paredes*
 - *Puertas*
 - *Esquinas*
 - *Columnas*



Demo: Objects tracking

- Objetivos: Seguimiento de múltiples objetos utilizando visión artificial en entornos interiores muy poblados basado en la combinación de métodos probabilísticos y determinísticos.



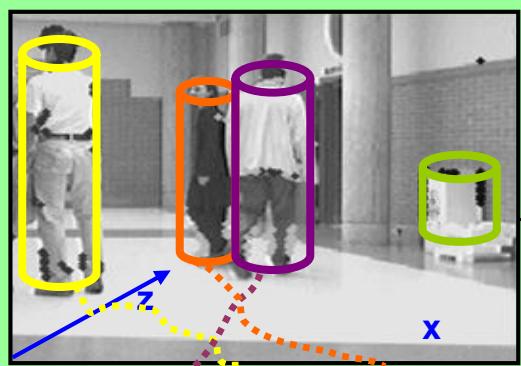
Clustering
Measurement

Estimation with a PF:
Re-initialization.

Estimation with PF:
Prediction.

Estimation with PF:
Association + Correction.

Estimation with PF:
Selection.

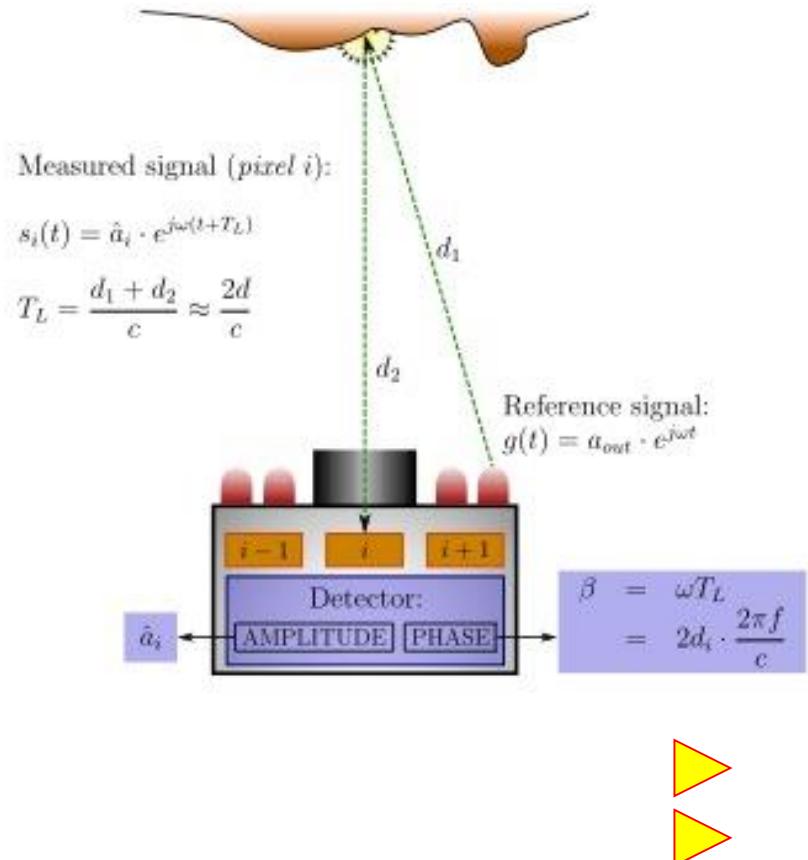
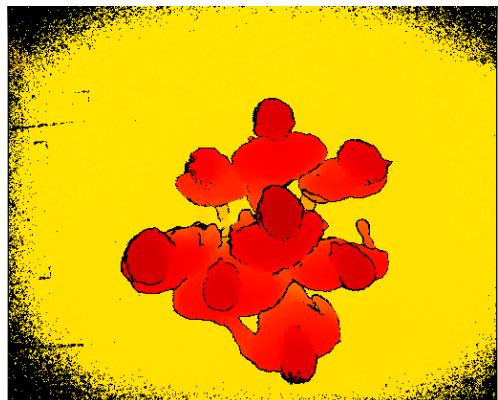
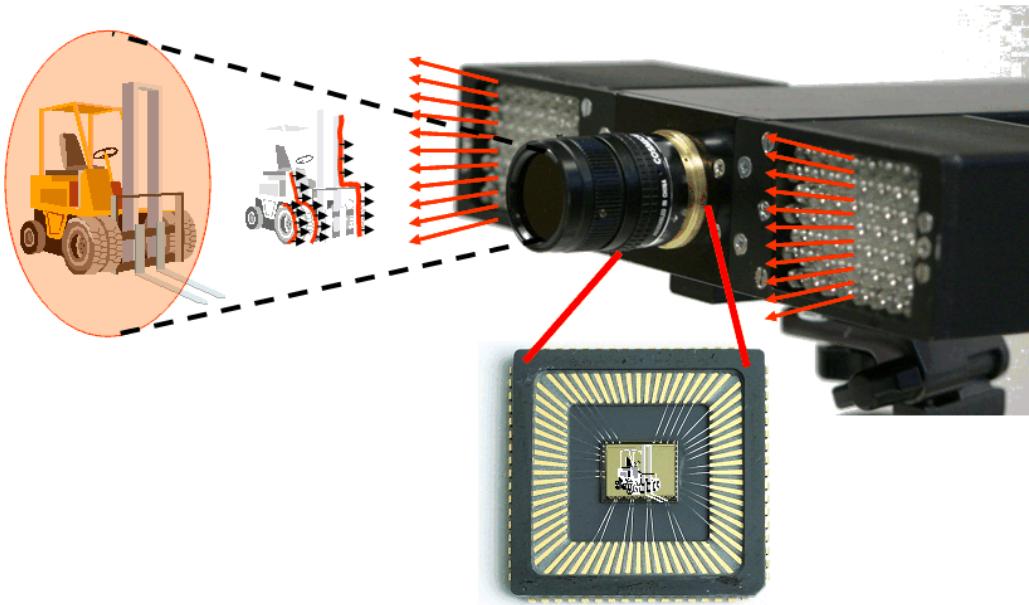


Clustering the Particle
Set

XPFPCP



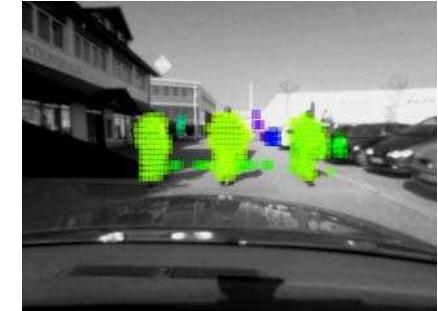
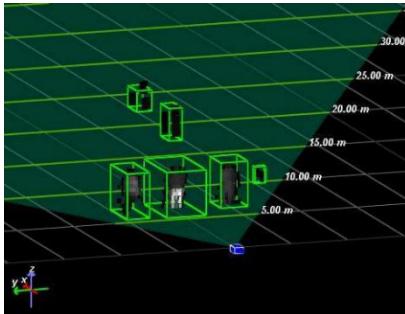
Demo: 2.5D Vision based on ToF camera: Fundamentals



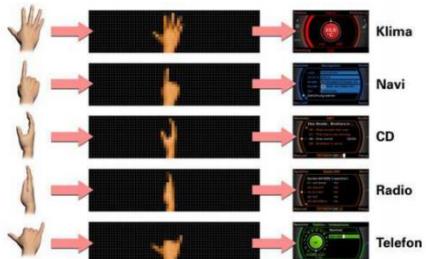
Time of Flight Imaging based on PMD principle [Moller et al., 2005]

Demo: 2.5D Vision based on ToF camera: Applications

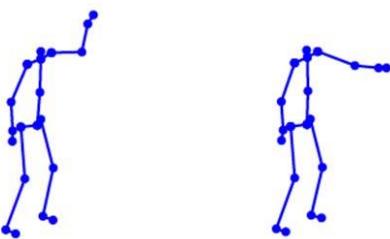
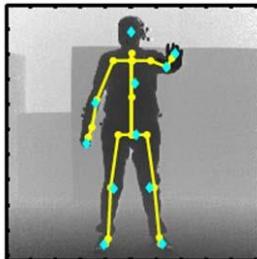
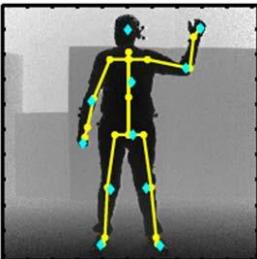
Automotive (Pedestrian detection)



User interaction
(Gesture recognition)



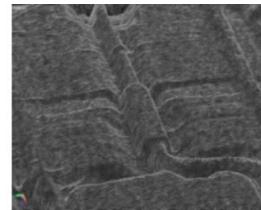
3D Point Cloud Processing
(Skeleton detection)



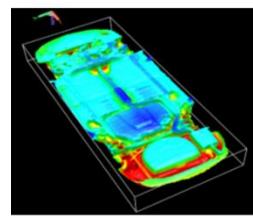
Industrial
(Vehicle inspection)



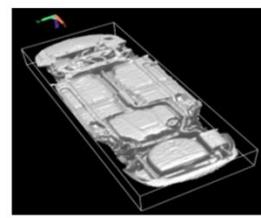
(a)



(b)



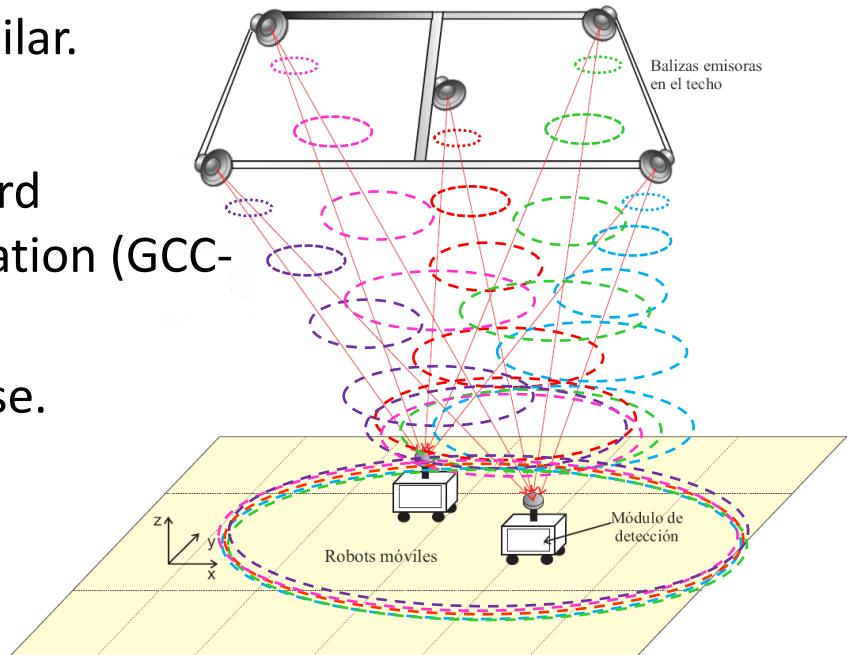
(c)



(d)

Design of an U-LPS with wide coverage using coding techniques

- Decentralized ULPS without emitter-receiver synchronism.
- Coverage improvement.
- Beacons' emissions based on multiaccess techniques
 - CDMA using *Kasami* sequences or similar.
 - Combined CDMA with TDMA
- Detection at the receiver based on Standard Correlation or in Generalized Cross-Correlation (GCC-PHAT).
- Improvement of immunity to ISI, MAI, noise.



ALCOR (MINECO 2014-2016)

- Main challenge

Optimization of local and shared resources in environments with multiple sensorial modules -**SM**- which service multiple robotic mobile units -**MU**-, using a wireless communication network –**WN**- as link.
- Main research activities
 - UAH (ALCOR/IRME): DPI2013-47347-C2-1-R
 - Sensory decision strategies and
 - Control sampling adapted to the system needs,
 - UCO (RESI): DPI2013-47347-C2-2-R
 - Efficient use of the communication channel guaranteeing a safe interaction between nodes.

